



***SIMPLE Individual Retirement  
Account Information Kit***

# **State Street Bank and Trust Company**

## **SIMPLE IRA Disclosure Statement**

This disclosure statement describes the rules applicable to SIMPLE Individual Retirement Accounts. These are IRAs established to operate as part of an employer SIMPLE IRA plan established by your employer. This disclosure statement does not describe Traditional IRAs or Roth IRAs that you can establish and make contributions to within IRS limits. State Street Bank and Trust Company, the SIMPLE IRA Custodian, also has a different kit of materials that may be used to establish a Traditional IRA or a Roth IRA. Be sure to establish the correct kind of IRA.

### **INFORMATION FROM YOUR EMPLOYER**

As part of operating a SIMPLE IRA plan, your employer is required to give you two kinds of information (these may be combined in a single pamphlet or notice). First, your employer should give you a “summary description” of the main features of the employer’s SIMPLE IRA plan, including information about any eligibility requirements your employer imposes. This summary description may include a photocopy of IRS Form 5305-SIMPLE or 5304-SIMPLE as completed by your employer to establish its SIMPLE IRA plan, or it may be in a different format. Also, your employer should give you a copy of a notice stating how much the employer will contribute to your participants’ SIMPLE IRAs for the plan year.

### **ESTABLISHING YOUR IRA**

This disclosure statement contains information about your SIMPLE Individual Retirement Custodial Account with State Street Bank and Trust Company as Custodian. Your IRA gives you several tax benefits. Within IRS limits, contributions under your employer’s SIMPLE IRA plan to your IRA are not taxable income to you until withdrawn. Earnings on the assets held in your IRA are not subject to federal income tax until withdrawn by you. State income tax treatment of your IRA may differ from federal treatment; ask your state tax department or your personal tax adviser for details.

All IRAs must meet certain requirements. Contributions generally must be made in cash. The IRA trustee or custodian must be a bank or other person who has been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. Your contributions may not be invested in life insurance or collectibles or be commingled with other property except in a common trust or investment fund. Your interest in the account must be nonforfeitable at all times. You may obtain further information on IRAs from any district office of the Internal Revenue Service.

To the extent required by the IRS under its rules for SIMPLE IRAs, you are permitted to revoke a newly established IRA at any time within any IRS time limits. If permitted, to revoke your IRA, mail or deliver a written notice of revocation to the Custodian at the address which appears at the end of this Disclosure Statement. Mailed notice will be deemed given on the date that it is postmarked (or, if sent by certified or registered mail, on the date of certification or registration). If you revoke your IRA within the time limits, the amount contributed into your IRA will be returned as provided under the IRS rules.

### **ELIGIBILITY**

#### ***Which Employers may have SIMPLE IRA Plans?***

SIMPLE IRA plans are only for small employers. This is defined as an employer with 100 or fewer employees in the previous calendar year who had \$5,000 or more in total pay from the employer. For this purpose, separate employers that are related by common ownership under IRS “controlled group” rules are considered a single employer. (There are certain additional rules; these are described in the summary description of its SIMPLE IRA plan that your employer should give you.)

An employer may have a SIMPLE IRA plan only if it has no other retirement plan at any time when the SIMPLE IRA plan is in operation. “Retirement plans” for this purpose include profit sharing, 401(k) retirement and other kinds of plans that receive tax benefits (as an exception to this rule, unionized employees may participate in a separate retirement plan under the collective bargaining agreement and the employer could have a SIMPLE plan for non-union employees.)

## ***Which Employees Participate in the SIMPLE IRA?***

Generally speaking, all of the employer's employees must participate in the SIMPLE IRA plan. However, the employer may decide to exclude:

- an employee who did not receive at least \$5,000 in pay from the employer in at least two prior calendar years (not necessarily consecutive);
- an employee who is not reasonably expected to receive at least \$5,000 in pay from the employer for the current calendar year;
- union employees, provided that there was good faith bargaining over the issue of retirement benefits;
- employees who are non-resident aliens and receive no U.S. source income.

## **CONTRIBUTIONS**

Two kinds of contributions are permitted: (i) employee contributions and (ii) employer contributions, which may be either matching or non-matching contributions.

### ***How Much Can I Contribute to my IRA?***

If you are an eligible employee, you may elect to have a percentage of your pay contributed by the employer to your SIMPLE IRA, as long as the amount does not exceed the SIMPLE IRA Employee Contribution Limit. This increases over the next several years, as indicated in the following table. Also, if you are 50 or older at the end of any calendar year, you have a higher SIMPLE IRA Employee Contribution Limit. The limits for under age 50 and 50 or older employees are shown in the following table:

SIMPLE IRA Employee Contribution Limit		
Year	Under Age 50	50 or Older
2009 and 2010	\$11,500	\$14,000
2011 and later	Indexed to Inflation	Indexed to Inflation

You elect the desired percentage of pay to contribute in a salary reduction agreement (your employer will have a form for you to use). Salary reductions may be made only from pay you earn after signing the salary reduction agreement. Your salary reduction contributions must be transferred to your SIMPLE IRA as soon as the employer can reasonably do so. The outside deadline is the 30th day of the month following the month when you would have received the pay amount except for the salary reduction.

### ***How Much Will my Employer Contribute?***

For each year that it operates its SIMPLE IRA plan, your employer must make contributions on behalf of participants. The employer may choose either matching or non-matching contributions for a particular calendar year. Employers can make contributions into the accounts of each employee. For example, an employer may decide to match 3% of an employees contribution dollar for dollar or make a non-elective contribution for each eligible employee up to 2% of their pay.

The employer must notify you of the contribution approach it has elected for a particular calendar year in advance of that year. Employer contributions must be transferred to your SIMPLE IRA no later than the due date (including any extension) for the employer to file its federal income tax return for the year.

## ***What Happens if More is Contributed to my SIMPLE IRA than Permitted?***

Any amount contributed to your SIMPLE IRA above the maximum limit is considered an “excess contribution.” An excess contribution is subject to an excise tax of 6% for each year it remains in your SIMPLE IRA. An excess contribution may be corrected without paying a 6% penalty. To do so, you must withdraw the excess and any earnings on the excess before the due date (including extensions) for filing your federal income tax return for the year for which the excess contribution was made. The earnings must be included in your income for the tax year for which the contribution was made and the earnings may be subject to a 10% premature withdrawal penalty in addition to normal income taxes if you have not reached age 59 ½ (see below).

## **TRANSFERS/ROLLOVERS**

### ***Can I Transfer my SIMPLE IRA to another IRA?***

Yes. The IRS rules for SIMPLE IRAs say that you may transfer to another SIMPLE IRA, or to a Traditional IRA or a Roth IRA you have established. Also, a transfer to your account in an employer plan (maintained by another employer) is permitted (if the other employer plan accepts such transfers). However, during the first two years after your participation in the SIMPLE IRA plan begins, you may transfer only to another SIMPLE IRA (not a Traditional or Roth IRA or employer plan account).

**NOTE:** If you transfer your SIMPLE IRA balance to a Roth IRA, this is considered a taxable conversion; the amount converted will be subject to income taxes. Additional information on this topic can be found in our materials describing Roth IRAs or from the IRS.

Certain transfer rules depend on whether your employer has established its SIMPLE IRA plan with a “designated financial institution” or not. The summary description (or other information) provided to you by your employer should indicate whether your employer’s SIMPLE IRA plan uses a designated financial institution or not.

With a designated financial institution, all contributions are initially paid to that institution. However, you have the right to elect to have contributions to your SIMPLE IRA account with the designated financial institution transferred to another SIMPLE IRA you have established where the contributions will be invested in accordance with your directions. If your election is made during the 60-day period when you elect your salary reduction contributions to the plan for a calendar year, then contributions for that calendar year will be transferred without a transfer fee or other cost or penalty. If there are pending transfers from the designated financial institution to the SIMPLE IRA, the contributions may be invested in a specified investment, such as a money market fund or a deposit account, and you will have no choice of investments. Other transfers may be made to another SIMPLE IRA or Traditional IRA, but they will be subject to normal fees of the Custodian as well as to redemption or other charges imposed by the mutual fund in which contributions are invested (as described in its prospectus). More information on this subject is found in the summary description of your employer’s SIMPLE IRA plan.

Your employer may decide to operate its SIMPLE IRA plan without a designated financial institution. In this case, each eligible employee sets up a SIMPLE IRA with a financial institution of his or her choice. Contributions on your behalf will be sent to your SIMPLE IRA account, wherever you have set it up, and invested according to your instructions.

### ***Can I Make a Normal Rollover from my SIMPLE IRA to another IRA?***

You may make a normal rollover from one SIMPLE IRA to another SIMPLE IRA or to a Traditional IRA. (You may also make a rollover from a SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA, but there will be income tax imposed—see above.) However, during the first two years after your participation in the SIMPLE IRA plan begins, you may make a rollover only to another SIMPLE IRA.

After making a rollover from one SIMPLE IRA, you must wait a full year (365 days) before you can make another such rollover from the same SIMPLE IRA. In addition, after SIMPLE IRA assets are rolled over from one IRA to another, a second rollover of the same assets cannot be made for a full year. However, if you instruct your IRA Custodian to transfer amounts directly to another SIMPLE IRA Custodian; such a direct transfer does not count as a rollover.

## **INVESTMENTS**

### ***How are Contributions to my SIMPLE IRA Invested?***

You control the investment and reinvestment of contributions to your SIMPLE IRA. Investments must be in one or more of the Fund(s) available from time to time as listed in the Adoption Agreement for your SIMPLE IRA or in an investment selection form included with your SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement.

You direct the investment of your SIMPLE IRA by giving your investment instructions to the Distributor or Service Company for the Fund(s). Since you control the investment of your SIMPLE IRA, you are responsible for any losses; neither the Custodian, the Distributor nor the Service Company has any responsibility for any loss or diminution in value occasioned by your exercise of investment control. Transactions for your SIMPLE IRA will generally be effected at the applicable public offering price or net asset value for shares of the Fund(s) involved next established after the Distributor or the Service Company (whichever may apply) receives proper investment instructions from you; consult the current prospectus for the Fund(s) involved for additional information.

Before making any investment, read carefully the current prospectus for any Fund you are considering as an investment for your SIMPLE IRA. The prospectus will contain information about the Fund's investment objectives and policies, as well as any minimum initial investment or minimum balance requirements and any sales, redemption or other charges. Because you control the selection of investments for your SIMPLE IRA and because mutual fund shares fluctuate in value, the growth in value of your SIMPLE IRA cannot be guaranteed or projected.

### ***Are There Any Restrictions on the Use of my SIMPLE IRA Assets?***

The tax-exempt status of your SIMPLE IRA will be revoked if you engage in any of the prohibited transactions listed in Section 4975 of the tax code. The fair market value of your SIMPLE IRA will be includible in your taxable income in the year in which such prohibited transaction takes place. The fair market value of your SIMPLE IRA may also be subject to a penalty tax as a premature withdrawal if you have not yet reached the age of 59 ½. There may also be prohibited transaction penalty taxes. Any investment in a collectible (for example, rare stamps) by your SIMPLE IRA is treated as a taxable withdrawal; the only exception involves certain types of government-sponsored coins or certain types of precious metal bullion.

### ***What is a Prohibited Transaction?***

Generally, a prohibited transaction is any improper use of the assets in your SIMPLE IRA. Some examples of prohibited transactions are:

- Direct or indirect sale or exchange of property between you and your SIMPLE IRA.
- Transfer of any property from your SIMPLE IRA to yourself or from yourself to your SIMPLE IRA.

Your SIMPLE IRA could lose its tax exempt status if you use all or part of your interest in your SIMPLE IRA as security for a loan or borrow any money from your SIMPLE IRA. Any portion of your SIMPLE IRA used as security for a loan will be taxed as ordinary income in the year in which the money is borrowed. If you are under age 59 ½, this amount will also be subject to a penalty tax as a premature distribution.

## **WITHDRAWALS**

### ***When can I Make Withdrawals from my SIMPLE IRA?***

You may withdraw from your SIMPLE IRA at any time. However, withdrawals before age 59½ may be subject to a penalty tax in addition to regular income taxes (see below).

## ***When Must I Start Making Withdrawals?***

If you have not withdrawn your entire SIMPLE IRA by the April 1 following the year in which you reach 70 ½, you must make minimum withdrawals in order to avoid penalty taxes. The rule allowing most employees to postpone distributions from an employer qualified plan until actual retirement (even if this is after age 70 ½) does not apply to SIMPLE IRAs.

Under IRA rules, a uniform table is used to determine required minimum distributions. The distribution period under the uniform table is the equivalent of the joint life expectancy of you and a beneficiary 10 years younger than you. (A different IRS joint life expectancy table may be used if your spouse is the sole beneficiary and is more than 10 years younger than you.) The minimum withdrawal amount is determined by dividing the balance in your SIMPLE IRA (or IRAs) by the life expectancy factor from the uniform table. You are no longer required to elect whether or not to recalculate life expectancies because recalculation is built into the uniform table. Although the required minimum distribution rules have been, in some ways, simplified, they are still, in general, complex. Consult your tax adviser for assistance. The penalty tax is 50% of the difference between the minimum required withdrawal amount and your actual withdrawals during a year. The IRS may waive or reduce the penalty tax if you can show that your failure to make the required minimum withdrawals was due to reasonable cause and you are taking reasonable steps to remedy the problem.

## ***How are Withdrawals from my SIMPLE IRA Taxed?***

Amounts withdrawn by you are includible in your gross income in the taxable year that you receive them, and are taxable as ordinary income. Lump sum withdrawals from SIMPLE IRAs are not eligible for averaging treatment currently available to certain lump sum distributions from qualified employer retirement plans. Since the purpose of the SIMPLE IRA is to accumulate funds for retirement, your receipt or use of any portion of your SIMPLE IRA before you attain age 59 ½ generally will be considered as an early withdrawal and subject to a penalty tax. For withdrawals from your SIMPLE IRA during the first two years after the date of the first contribution to your SIMPLE IRA account under your employer's SIMPLE IRA plan, the penalty is 25% of the amount withdrawn. After that, the penalty is 10% of the amount withdrawn.

The penalty tax for early withdrawal will not apply if:

- The withdrawal was a result of your death or disability.
- The purpose of the withdrawal is to pay certain higher education expenses for yourself or your spouse, child or grandchild. Qualifying expenses include tuition, fees, books, supplies and equipment required for attendance at a post-secondary education institution. Room and board expenses may qualify if the student is attending at least half-time.
- The withdrawal is used to pay eligible first-time homebuyer expenses. These are the costs of purchasing, building or rebuilding a principal residence (including customary settlement, financing or closing costs). The purchaser may be you, your spouse, or a child, grandchild, parent or grandparent of you or your spouse. An individual is considered a "first-time homebuyer" if the individual did not have (or, if married, neither spouse had) an ownership interest in a principal residence during the two-year period immediately preceding the acquisition in question. The withdrawal must be used for eligible expenses within 120 days after the withdrawal. (If there is an unexpected delay, or cancellation of the home acquisition, a withdrawal may be redeposited as a rollover).
- There is a lifetime limit on eligible first-time homebuyer expenses of \$10,000 per individual.
- The withdrawal is one of a scheduled series of substantially equal periodic payments for your life or life expectancy (or the joint lives or life expectancies of you and your beneficiary).
- If there is an adjustment to the scheduled series of payments, the penalty tax will apply. The penalty will not apply if you make no change in the series of payments until the end of 5 years or until you reach 59½, whichever is later. If you make a change before then, the penalty will apply. For example, if you begin receiving payments at age 50 under a withdrawal program providing for substantially equal payments over your life expectancy, and at age 58 you elect to receive the remaining amount in your IRA in a lump-sum, the penalty tax will apply to the lump sum and to the amounts previously paid to you before age 59 ½.
- The withdrawal does not exceed the amount of your deductible medical expenses for the year (generally, medical expenses paid during a year are deductible if they are greater than 7 ½ % of your adjusted gross income for that year).

- The withdrawal does not exceed the amount you paid for health insurance coverage for yourself, your spouse and dependents. This exception applies only if you have been unemployed and received federal or state unemployment compensation payments for at least twelve weeks; this exception applies to distributions during the year in which you received the unemployment compensation and during the following year, but not to any distributions received after you have been reemployed for at least 60 days, or;
- The distribution is made pursuant to an IRS levy to pay overdue taxes.

A loss in your IRA investment may be deductible. You should consult your tax adviser for further details on the appropriate calculation for this deduction if applicable.

### ***What about the 15% penalty Tax on Certain Large Withdrawals?***

Earlier tax laws imposed a “success” penalty equal to 15% of withdrawals from all retirement accounts (including IRAs, 401(k) or other employer retirement plans, 403(b) arrangements and others) in a year exceeding a specified amount (initially \$150,000 per year). Also, there was a 15% estate tax penalty on excess accumulations remaining in IRAs and other tax-favored arrangements upon your death. These 15% penalty taxes have been repealed.

## **FEES AND EXPENSES**

### ***Custodian’s Fees***

The following is a list of the fees charged by the Custodian for maintaining your SIMPLE IRA.

New Account Setup Fee	<b>\$10.00</b>
Annual Maintenance Fee per account	<b>\$15.00</b>
Termination, Rollover, or Transfer	<b>\$15.00</b>

### ***General Fee Policies***

- The termination fee will not be charged if you transfer the contributions to your SIMPLE IRA, if made to the Custodian as “designated financial institution” of your employer’s SIMPLE IRA plan, to another SIMPLE IRA with a different custodian or trustee in accordance with the IRS rules for SIMPLE IRA arrangements unless IRS rules specifically allow charging this fee. (See below for more information.) However, the annual maintenance fee will be charged.
- Fees may be paid by you directly or the Custodian may deduct them from your IRA.
- Fees may be changed upon 30 days written notice to you.
- The full annual maintenance fee will be charged for any calendar year during which you have an IRA with us. This fee is not prorated for periods of less than one full year.
- Termination fees are charged when your account is closed and the funds are distributed to you or beneficiary. Termination fees will also be charged when your account is closed and the funds are transferred to a successor custodian or trustee (to the extent permitted under IRS rules for SIMPLE IRA arrangements).
- The Custodian may charge you for its reasonable expenses for services not covered by its fee schedule.

There may be sales or other charges associated with the purchase or redemption of shares of a Fund in which your IRA is invested. Be sure to read carefully the current prospectus of any Fund you are considering as an investment for your IRA for a description of applicable charges.

## **TAX MATTERS**

### ***What IRA Reports does the Custodian Issue?***

The Custodian will report all withdrawals to the IRS and the recipient on the appropriate form. For reporting purposes, a direct transfer of assets to a successor custodian or trustee is not considered a withdrawal. The Custodian will report to the IRS the year-end value of your account and the amount of any contributions made or other transactions during a calendar year.

### ***What Tax Information Must I Report to the IRS?***

You must file Form 5329 with the IRS for each taxable year for which you take a premature withdrawal, or you withdraw less than the required minimum amount from your SIMPLE IRA. If your beneficiary fails to make required minimum withdrawals from your SIMPLE IRA after your death, your beneficiary may be subject to an excise tax and be required to file Form 5329.

### ***Are SIMPLE IRA Withdrawals Subject to Withholding?***

Federal income tax will be withheld at a flat rate of 10% from any withdrawal from your SIMPLE IRA, unless you elect not to have tax withheld. Withdrawals from a SIMPLE IRA are not subject to the mandatory 20% income tax withholding that applies to most distributions from employer plans that are not directly rolled over to another plan or IRA.

### ***Are the Earnings on my SIMPLE IRA Funds Taxed?***

Any earnings on investments held in your SIMPLE IRA are generally exempt from federal income taxes and will not be taxed until withdrawn by you, unless the tax exempt status of your SIMPLE IRA is revoked.

## **STATE TAXES**

Please note that this booklet discusses the federal income tax treatment of SIMPLE IRAs. State tax treatment may vary. Consult your tax advisor or state revenue department if you have a question on state taxes on SIMPLE IRAs.

## **ACCOUNT TERMINATION**

You may terminate your SIMPLE IRA at any time after its establishment by sending a completed withdrawal form, or a transfer authorization form, to:

**State Street Bank and Trust Company  
c/o First Eagle Funds and DST Systems  
330 West 9<sup>th</sup> Street  
Kansas City, MO 64105-1807**

Your SIMPLE IRA with State Street Bank and Trust Company will terminate upon the first to occur of the following:

- The date your properly executed withdrawal form (as described above) withdrawing your total SIMPLE IRA balance is received in good order and accepted by the Custodian or, if later, the termination date specified in the withdrawal form.
- The date the SIMPLE IRA ceases to qualify under the tax code. This will be deemed a termination.
- The transfer of the SIMPLE IRA to another custodian/trustee.

The amount you receive from your SIMPLE IRA will be treated as a withdrawal, and thus the rules relating to SIMPLE IRA withdrawals will apply. For example, if the SIMPLE IRA is terminated before you reach age 59 1/2, the early withdrawal penalty may apply on the amount you receive. Any outstanding fees must be received prior to such a termination of your account.

# CUSTODIAL AGREEMENT

The terms contained in Articles I to VII of the State Street Bank and Trust Company SIMPLE Individual Retirement Custodial Account document have been promulgated by the IRS in Form 5305-SA for use in establishing an IRA custodial account that meets the requirements of the tax laws for a valid SIMPLE IRA. This IRS approval relates only to the form of Articles I to VII and is not an approval of the merits of the SIMPLE IRA or of any investment permitted by the SIMPLE IRA. See Section 25 of Article VIII of the document for additional information.

**NOTE:** The information in this Disclosure Statement reflects the best information available at the time of preparation. However, SIMPLE IRAs are governed by complex provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and IRS rules. Consult your professional tax adviser or the IRS on any questions you have about a SIMPLE IRA plan or the most recent IRS developments.

All checks should be payable to: First Eagle Funds. For additional information, call Shareholder Services at (800) 334-2143.

PRIVACY NOTICE

## **An Important Notice Concerning Customer Privacy From State Street Bank and Trust Company:**

*State Street Bank and Trust Company is pleased to be the custodian for your retirement account.*

The trust and confidence of our customers is important to us. For this reason, we are careful in the way we handle nonpublic personal information about our customers ("Customer Information"). This Privacy Notice describes our policies and practices concerning Customer Information and how they are designed to preserve the trust of our customers.

### **Information We Collect**

We may collect Customer Information from the following sources:

- Information we receive on applications or other forms, such as name, address, date of birth, and social security number
- Information relating to transactions with us, our affiliates and others, such as the purchase and sale of securities and account balances.
- Information we receive from third parties such as credit reporting agencies.

### **Information We Disclose**

We do not disclose Customer Information about our present or former customers to third parties except as permitted by law. For example, we may disclose Customer Information in order to process a transaction or service an account, or to comply with legal requirements.

### **Information Security**

We restrict access to Customer Information to employees and service providers who are involved in providing products and services to our customers. In addition, we maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that are designed to comply with federal standards in order to protect Customer Information.



**STATE STREET.**

# STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY SIMPLE IRA CUSTODIAL AGREEMENT

The following provisions of Articles I to VIII are in the form promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service in Form 5305-SA (Rev. March, 2002) for use in establishing a SIMPLE individual retirement Custodial Account. References are to sections of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

## *Article I.*

The Custodian will accept cash contributions made on behalf of the Participant by the Participant's employer under the terms of a SIMPLE IRA plan described in section 408(p). In addition, the Custodian will accept transfers or rollovers from other SIMPLE IRAs of the Participant. No other contributions will be accepted by the Custodian.

## *Article II.*

The Participant's interest in the balance in the Custodial Account is nonforfeitable.

## *Article III.*

1. No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the Custodial Account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).

2. No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

## *Article IV.*

1. Notwithstanding any provision of this agreement to the contrary, the distribution of the Participant's interest in the Custodial Account shall be made in accordance with the following requirements and shall otherwise comply with section 408(a)(6) and the Regulations there under, the provisions of which are herein incorporated by reference.

2. The Participant's entire interest in the custodial account must be, or begin to be, distributed not later than the participant's required beginning date, April 1 following the calendar year in which the participant reaches age 70½. By that date, the participant may elect, in a manner acceptable to the custodian, to have the balance in the custodial account distributed in:

- (a) A single sum or;
- (b) Payments over a period not longer than the life of the participant or the joint lives of the participant and his or her designated beneficiary.

3. If the Participant dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her, the remaining interest will be distributed as follows:

- (a) If the Participant dies on or after the required beginning date and:
  - (i) the designated beneficiary is the participant's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the surviving spouse's life expectancy as determined each year until such spouse's death, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer. Any interest remaining after the spouse's death will be distributed over such spouse's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year of the spouse's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or, if distributions are being made over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below, over such period.

- (ii) the designated beneficiary is not the participant's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the participant and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer.
  - (iii) there is no designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed over the remaining life expectancy of the participant as determined in the year of the participant's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year.
- (b) If the Participant dies before the required beginning date, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (i) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with (ii) below:
- (i) The remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraphs (a)(i) and (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the participant's death. If, however, the designated beneficiary is the participant's surviving spouse, then this distribution is not required to begin before the end of the calendar year in which the participant would have reached age 70½. But, in such case, if the participant's surviving spouse dies before distributions are required to begin, then the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), over such spouse's designated beneficiary life expectancy, or in accordance with (ii) below if there is no such designated beneficiary.
  - (ii) The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.
4. If the Participant dies before his or her entire interest has been distributed and if the designated beneficiary is not the participant's surviving spouse, no additional contributions may be accepted in the account.
5. The minimum amount that must be distributed each year, beginning with the year containing the participant's required beginning date, is known as the "required minimum distribution" and is determined as follows:
- (a) The required minimum distribution under paragraph 2(b) for any year, beginning with the year the participant reaches age 70½, is the participant's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the distribution period in the uniform lifetime table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. However, if the participant's designated beneficiary is his or her surviving spouse, the required minimum distribution for a year shall not be more than the participant's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the number in the joint and last survivor table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. The required minimum distribution for a year under this paragraph (a) is determined using the participant's (or, if applicable, the participant and spouse's) attained age (or ages) in the year.
  - (b) The required minimum distribution under paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i) for a year, beginning with the year following the year of the participant's death (or the year the participant would have reached age 70½, if applicable under paragraph 3(b)(i)) is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the individual specified in such paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i).
  - (c) The required minimum distribution for the year the participant reaches age 70½ can be made as late as April 1 of the following year. The required minimum distribution for any other year must be made by the end of such year.
6. The owner of two or more IRAs (other than Roth IRAs) may satisfy the minimum distribution requirements described above by taking from one IRA the amount required to satisfy the requirement for another in accordance with the regulations under section 408(a)(6).

### *Article V.*

1. The Participant agrees to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408(l)(2) and Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6.
2. The Custodian agrees to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and Participant the reports prescribed by the IRS.
3. The Custodian also agrees to provide the Participant's employer the summary description described in section 408(l)(2) unless this SIMPLE IRA is a transfer SIMPLE IRA.

### *Article VI.*

Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through III and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles that are inconsistent with sections 408(a) and 408(p) and the related regulations will be invalid.

### *Article VII.*

This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code and the related regulations. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signatures appear on the Adoption Agreement.

### *Article VIII.*

1. As used in this Article VIII the following terms have the following meanings:

**"Account"** or **"Custodial Account"** means the SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account established using the terms of this Agreement and the Adoption Agreement signed by the Participant.

**"Custodian"** means State Street Bank and Trust Company.

**"Fund"** means a mutual fund or registered investment company which is specified in the Adoption Agreement, or which is designated by the Distributor named in the Adoption Agreement, as being available as an investment for the Custodial Account; provided, however, that such a mutual fund or registered investment company must be legally offered for sale in the state of the Participant's residence in order to be a Fund hereunder.

**"Distributor"** or **"Sponsor"** means the entity which has a contract with the Fund(s) to serve as distributor of the shares of such Fund(s), specifically FEF Distributors, LLC. In any case where there is no Distributor, the duties assigned hereunder to the Distributor may be performed by the Fund(s) or by an entity that has a contract to perform management or investment advisory services for the Fund(s).

**"Participant"** means the person signing the Adoption Agreement accompanying this Custodial Agreement.

**"Service Company"** means any entity employed by the Custodian or the Distributor, including the transfer agent for the Fund(s), to perform various administrative duties of either the Custodian or the Distributor. In any case where there is no Service Company, the duties assigned hereunder to the Service Company will be performed by the Distributor (if any) or by an entity specified in the second preceding paragraph.

2. To the extent required by regulations or rulings pertaining to SIMPLE IRA accounts under Code Section 408(p), the Participant may revoke the Custodial Account established hereunder by mailing or delivering a written notice of revocation to the Custodian within such time limits as may be specified in such regulations or rulings. Mailed notice is treated as given to the Custodian on date of the postmark (or on the date of Post Office certification or registration in the case of notice sent by certified or registered

mail). Upon timely revocation, the Participant's initial contribution will be returned as provided in such regulations or rulings.

The Participant may certify in the Adoption Agreement that the Participant has received the Disclosure Statement related to the Custodial Account at least seven days before the Participant signed the Adoption Agreement to establish the Custodial Account, and the Custodian may rely upon such certification.

3. All contributions to the Custodial Account shall be invested and reinvested in full and fractional shares of one or more Funds. All such shares shall be issued and accounted for as book entry shares, and no physical shares or share certificates shall be issued. Such investments shall be made in such proportions and/or in such amounts as Participant from time to time in the Adoption Agreement or by other written notice to the Service Company (in such form as may be acceptable to the Service Company) may direct (but subject to the provisions of Section 25).

The Service Company shall be responsible for promptly transmitting all investment directions by the Participant for the purchase or sale of shares of one or more Funds hereunder to the Funds' transfer agent for execution. However, if investment directions with respect to the investment of any contribution hereunder are not received from the Participant as required or, if received, are unclear or incomplete in the opinion of the Service Company, the contribution will be returned to the Participant (or the Participant's employer), or will be held uninvested (or invested in a money market fund if available) pending clarification or completion by the Participant, in either case without liability for interest or for loss of income or appreciation. If any other directions or other orders by the Participant with respect to the sale or purchase of shares of one or more Funds for the Custodial Account are unclear or incomplete in the opinion of the Service Company, the Service Company will refrain from carrying out such investment directions or from executing any such sale or purchase, without liability for loss of income or for appreciation or depreciation of any asset, pending receipt of clarification or completion from the Participant.

All investment directions by Participant will be subject to any minimum initial or additional investment or minimum balance rules applicable to a Fund as described in its prospectus. All dividends and capital gains or other distributions received on the shares of any Fund held in the Participant's Account shall be retained in the Account and (unless received in additional shares) shall be reinvested in full and fractional shares of such Fund (or of any other Fund offered by the Sponsor, if so directed).

In the event that any Fund held in the Custodial Account is liquidated or is otherwise made unavailable by the Sponsor as a permissible investment for a Custodial Account hereunder, the liquidation or other proceeds of such Fund shall be invested in accordance with the instructions of the Participant; if the Participant does not give such instructions, or if such instructions are unclear or incomplete in the opinion of the Service Company, the Service Company may invest such liquidation or other proceeds in such other Fund (including a money market fund if available) as the Sponsor designates, and neither the Service Company, the Sponsor nor the Custodian will have any responsibility for such investment.

4. Subject to the minimum initial or additional investment, minimum balance and other exchange rules applicable to a Fund, the Participant may at any time direct the Service Company to exchange all or a specified portion of the shares of a Fund in the Participant's Account for shares and fractional shares of one or more other Funds. The Participant shall give such directions by written, telephonic or other form of notice acceptable to the Service Company, and the Service Company will process such directions as soon as practicable after receipt thereof (subject to the first and second paragraphs of Section 3 of this Article VIII).

5. Any purchase or redemption of shares of a Fund for or from the Participant's Account will be effected at the public offering price or net asset value of such Fund (as described in the then effective prospectus for such Fund) next established after the Service Company has transmitted the Participant's investment directions to the transfer agent for the Fund(s).

Any purchase, exchange, transfer or redemption of shares of a Fund for or from the Participant's Account will be subject to any applicable sales, redemption or other charge as described in the then effective prospectus for such Fund.

6. The Service Company shall maintain adequate records of all purchases or sales of shares of one or more Funds for the Participant's Custodial Account. Any Account maintained in connection herewith shall be in the name of the Custodian for the benefit of the Participant. All assets of the Custodial Account shall be registered in the name of the Custodian or of a suitable nominee. The books and records of the Custodian shall show that all such investments are part of the Custodial Account.

The Custodian shall maintain or cause to be maintained adequate records reflecting transactions of the Custodial Account. In the discretion of the Custodian, records maintained by the Service Company with respect to the Account hereunder will be deemed to satisfy the Custodian's recordkeeping responsibilities therefore. The Service Company agrees to furnish the Custodian with any information the Custodian requires to carry out the Custodian's recordkeeping responsibilities.

7. Neither the Custodian nor any other party providing services to the Custodial Account will have any responsibility for rendering advice with respect to the investment and reinvestment of Participant's Custodial Account, nor shall such parties be liable for any loss or diminution in value which results from Participant's exercise of investment control over his Custodial Account. Participant shall have and exercise exclusive responsibility for and control over the investment of the assets of his Custodial Account, and neither Custodian nor any other such party shall have any duty to question his directions in that regard or to advise him regarding the purchase, retention or sale of shares of one or more Funds for the Custodial Account.

8. The Participant may in writing appoint an investment advisor with respect to the Custodial Account on a form acceptable to the Custodian and the Service Company. The investment advisor's appointment will be in effect until written notice to the contrary is received by the Custodian and the Service Company. While an investment advisor's appointment is in effect, the investment advisor may issue investment directions or may issue orders for the sale or purchase of shares of one or more Funds to the Service Company, and the Service Company will be fully protected in carrying out such investment directions or orders to the same extent as if they had been given by the Participant.

The Participant's appointment of any investment advisor will also be deemed to be instructions to the Custodian and the Service Company to pay such investment advisor's fees to the investment advisor from the Custodial Account hereunder without additional authorization by the Participant or the Custodian.

9. Distribution of the assets of the Custodial Account shall be made at such time and in such form as Participant (or the Beneficiary if Participant is deceased) shall elect by written order to the Custodian (or other form of instructions acceptable to the Custodian). Participant acknowledges that any distribution (except for distribution consisting of a return of an "excess contribution" referred to in Code Section 408(d), or a "rollover" from this Custodial Account) made earlier than age 59 ½ may subject Participant to an "additional tax on early distributions" under Code Section 72(t) unless an exception to such additional tax is applicable. It is the responsibility of the Participant (or the Beneficiary) by appropriate distribution instructions to the Custodian to insure that the distribution requirements of Code Section 401(a)(9) and Article IV above are met. If the Participant (or Beneficiary) does not direct the Custodian to make distributions from the Custodial Account by the time that such distributions are required to commence in accordance with such distribution requirements, the Custodian (and Service Company) shall assume that the Participant (or Beneficiary) is meeting the minimum distribution requirements from another individual retirement arrangement maintained by the Participant (or Beneficiary) and the Custodian and Service Company shall be fully protected in so doing. Neither Custodian nor any other party providing services to the Custodial Account assumes any responsibility for the tax treatment of any distribution from the Custodial Account; such responsibility rests solely with the person ordering the distribution.

10. The Custodian assumes (and shall have) no responsibility to make any distribution except upon the written order of Participant (or Beneficiary if Participant is deceased) containing such information as the Custodian may reasonably request. Also, before making any distribution from or honoring any assignment of the Custodial Account, Custodian shall be furnished with any and all applications, certificates, tax waivers, signature guarantees, releases, indemnification agreements and other documents (including proof of any legal representative's authority) deemed necessary or advisable by Custodian, but Custodian shall not be responsible for complying with any order or instruction which appears on its face to be genuine, or for refusing to comply if not satisfied it is genuine, and Custodian has no duty of further inquiry. Any

distributions from the Account may be mailed, first-class postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person who is to receive such distribution, as shown on the Custodian's records, and such distribution shall to the extent thereof completely discharge the Custodian's liability for such payment.

11. (a) The term "Beneficiary" means the person or persons designated as such by the "designating person" (as defined below) on a form acceptable to the Custodian for use in connection with the Custodial Account, signed by the designating person, and filed with the Custodian. If, in the opinion of the Custodian or Service Company, any designation of Beneficiary is unclear or incomplete, in addition to any documents or assurances the Custodian may request under Section 10, the Custodian or Service Company shall be entitled to request and receive such clarification or additional instructions as the Custodian or Service Company in its discretion deems necessary to determine the correct Beneficiary(ies) following the Participant's death. The form designating the Beneficiary(ies) may name individuals, trusts, estates, or other entities as either primary or contingent beneficiaries. However, if the designation does not effectively dispose of the entire Custodial Account as of the time distribution is to commence, the term "Beneficiary" shall then mean the designating person's estate with respect to the assets of the Custodial Account not disposed of by the designation form. The form last accepted by the Custodian before such distribution is to commence, provided it was received by the Custodian (or deposited in the U.S. Mail or with a reputable delivery service) during the designating person's lifetime, shall be controlling and, whether or not fully dispositive of the Custodial Account, thereupon shall revoke all such forms previously filed by that person. The term "designating person" means Participant during his/her lifetime; after Participant's death, it also means Participant's spouse, but only if the spouse is the Designated Beneficiary and the spouse elects to transfer assets from the Custodial Account to the spouse's own Custodial Account in accordance with applicable provisions of Code. (*Note:* Married Participants who reside in a community property or marital property state (Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington or Wisconsin), may need to obtain spousal consent if they have not designated their spouse as the primary Beneficiary for at least half of their Account. Consult a lawyer or other tax professional for additional information and advice.)
  - (b) Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary, when and after distributions from the Custodial Account to Participant's Beneficiary commence, all rights and obligations assigned to Participant hereunder shall inure to, and be enjoyed and exercised by, Beneficiary instead of Participant.
12. (a) The Participant agrees to provide information to the Custodian at such time and in such manner as may be necessary for the Custodian to prepare any reports required under Section 408(i) of the Code and the regulations there under or otherwise.
  - (b) The Custodian or the Service Company will submit reports to the Internal Revenue Service and the Participant at such time and manner and containing such information as is prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service.
  - (c) The Participant, Custodian and Service Company shall furnish to each other such information relevant to the Custodial Account as may be required under the Code and any regulations issued or forms adopted by the Treasury Department there under or as may otherwise be necessary for the administration of the Custodial Account.
  - (d) The Participant shall file any reports to the Internal Revenue Service which are required of him by law (including Form 5329), and neither the Custodian nor Service Company shall have any duty to advise Participant concerning or monitor Participant's compliance with such requirement.
13. (a) Participant retains the right to amend this Custodial Account document in any respect at any time, effective on a stated date which shall be at least 60 days after giving written notice of the amendment (including its exact terms) to Custodian by registered or certified mail, unless Custodian waives notice as to such amendment. If the Custodian does not wish to continue serving as such under this Custodial Account document as so amended, it may resign in accordance with Section 17 below.

- (b) Participant delegates to the Custodian the Participant's right so to amend, provided (i) the Custodian does not change the investments available under this Custodial Agreement and (ii) the Custodian amends in the same manner all agreements comparable to this one, having the same Custodian, permitting comparable investments, and under which such power has been delegated to it; this includes the power to amend retroactively if necessary or appropriate in the opinion of the Custodian in order to conform this Custodial Account to pertinent provisions of the Code and other laws or successor provisions of law, or to obtain a governmental ruling that such requirements are met, to adopt a prototype or master form of agreement in substitution for this Agreement, or as otherwise may be advisable in the opinion of the Custodian. Such an amendment by the Custodian shall be communicated in writing to Participant, and Participant shall be deemed to have consented thereto unless, within 30 days after such communication to Participant is mailed, Participant either (i) gives Custodian a written order for a complete distribution or transfer of the Custodial Account, or (ii) removes the Custodian and appoints a successor under Section 17 below.

Pending the adoption of any amendment necessary or desirable to conform this Custodial Account document to the requirements of any amendment to the Internal Revenue Code or regulations or rulings there under (including any amendment to Form 5305-SA), the Custodian and the Service Company may operate the Participant's Custodial Account in accordance with such requirements to the extent that the Custodian and/or the Service Company deem necessary to preserve the tax benefits of the Account, and the Custodian and/or Service Company will have no liability for so doing.

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) above, no amendment shall increase the responsibilities or duties of Custodian without its prior written consent.
  - (d) This Section 13 shall not be construed to restrict the Custodian's right to substitute fee schedules in the manner provided by Section 16 below, and no such substitution shall be deemed to be an amendment of this Agreement.
14. (a) Custodian shall terminate the Custodial Account if this Agreement is terminated or if, within 30 days (or such longer time as Custodian may agree) after resignation or removal of Custodian under Section 17, Participant or Sponsor (or the case may be) has not appointed a successor which has accepted such appointment. Termination of the Custodial Account shall be effected by distributing all assets thereof in a single payment in cash or in kind to Participant, subject to Custodian's right to reserve funds as provided in Section 17.
- (b) Upon termination of the Custodial Account, this Custodial Account document shall have no further force and effect (except for Section 15(f) and Section 17(b) and (c) hereof which shall survive the termination of the Custodial Account and this document), and Custodian shall be relieved from all further liability hereunder or with respect to the Custodial Account and all assets thereof so distributed.
15. (a) In its discretion, the Custodian may appoint one or more contractors or service providers to carry out any of its functions and may compensate them from the Custodial Account for expenses attendant to those functions.
- (b) The Service Company shall be responsible for receiving all instructions, notices, forms and remittances from Participant and for dealing with or forwarding the same to the transfer agent for the Fund(s).
  - (c) The parties do not intend to confer any fiduciary duties on Custodian or Service Company (or any other party providing services to the Custodial Account), and none shall be implied. Neither shall be liable (or assumes any responsibility) for the collection of contributions, the proper amount, time or tax treatment of any contribution to the Custodial Account or the propriety of any contributions under this Agreement, or the purpose, time, amount (including any minimum distribution amounts), tax treatment or propriety of any distribution hereunder, which matters are the responsibility of Participant and Participant's Beneficiary.

- (d) Not later than 60 days after the close of each calendar year (or after the Custodian's resignation or removal), or such shorter time as may be required under applicable regulations or rulings, the Custodian and Service Company shall each file with Participant a written report or reports reflecting the transactions effected by it during such period and the assets of the Custodial Account at its close. Upon the expiration of 60 days after such a report is sent to Participant (or Beneficiary), the Custodian and Service Company shall be forever released and discharged from all liability and accountability to anyone with respect to transactions shown in or reflected by such report except with respect to any such acts or transactions as to which Participant shall have filed written objections with the Custodian or Service Company within such 60 day period.
  - (e) The Service Company shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to Participant all notices, prospectuses, financial statements and other reports to shareholders, proxies and proxy soliciting materials relating to the shares of the Funds(s) credited to the Custodial Account. No shares shall be voted, and no other action shall be taken pursuant to such documents, except upon receipt of adequate written instructions from Participant.
  - (f) Participant shall always fully indemnify the Service Company, Distributor, the Fund(s) and Custodian and save them harmless from any and all liability whatsoever which may arise either (i) in connection with this Agreement and the matters which it contemplates, except that which arises directly out of the Service Company's, Distributor's or Custodian's bad faith, gross negligence or willful misconduct, or (ii) with respect to making or failing to make any distribution, other than for failure to make distribution in accordance with an order therefore which is in full compliance with Section 10 or (iii) actions taken or omitted in good faith by such parties. Neither the Service Company nor Custodian shall be obligated or expected to commence or defend any legal action or proceeding in connection with this Agreement or such matters unless agreed upon by that party and Participant, and unless fully indemnified for so doing to that party's satisfaction.
  - (g) The Custodian and Service Company shall each be responsible solely for performance of those duties expressly assigned to it in this Agreement, and neither assumes any responsibility as to duties assigned to anyone else hereunder or by operation of law.
  - (h) The Custodian and Service Company may each conclusively rely upon and shall be protected in acting upon any written order from Participant or Beneficiary, or any investment advisor appointed under Section 8, or any other notice, request, consent, certificate or other instrument or paper believed by it to be genuine and to have been properly executed, and so long as it acts in good faith, in taking or omitting to take any other action in reliance thereon. In addition, Custodian will carry out the requirements of any apparently valid court order relating to the Custodial Account and will incur no liability or responsibility for so doing.
16. (a) The Custodian, in consideration of its services under this Agreement, shall receive the fees specified on the applicable fee schedule. The fee schedule originally applicable shall be the one specified in the Disclosure Statement furnished to the Participant. The Custodian may substitute a different fee schedule at any time upon 30 days' written notice to Participant. The Custodian shall also receive reasonable fees for any services not contemplated by any applicable fee schedule and either deemed by it to be necessary or desirable or requested by Participant.
- (b) Any income, gift, estate and inheritance taxes and other taxes of any kind whatsoever, including transfer taxes incurred in connection with the investment or reinvestment of the assets of the Custodial Account, that may be levied or assessed in respect to such assets, and all other administrative expenses incurred by the Custodian in the performance of its duties (including fees for legal services rendered to it in connection with the Custodial Account) shall be charged to the Custodial Account. If the Custodian is required to pay any such amount, the Participant (or Beneficiary) shall promptly upon notice thereof reimburse the Custodian.
  - (c) All such fees and taxes and other administrative expenses charged to the Custodial Account shall be collected either from the amount of any contribution or distribution to or from the Account, or (at the option of the person entitled to collect such amounts) to the extent possible under the circumstances by the conversion into cash of sufficient shares of one or more Funds held in the

Custodial Account (without liability for any loss incurred thereby). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Custodian or Service Company may make demand upon the Participant for payment of the amount of such fees, taxes and other administrative expenses. Fees which remain outstanding after 60 days may be subject to a collection charge.

17. (a) Upon 30 days' prior written notice to the Custodian, Participant or Sponsor, as the case may be, may remove it from its office hereunder. Such notice, to be effective, shall designate a successor custodian and shall be accompanied by the successor's written acceptance. The Custodian also may at any time resign upon 30 days' prior written notice to Sponsor, whereupon the Sponsor (or Service Company) shall notify the Participant (or Beneficiary) and shall appoint a successor to the Custodian. In connection with its resignation hereunder, the Custodian may, but is not required to, designate a successor custodian by written notice to the Sponsor or Participant (or Beneficiary), and the Sponsor or Participant (or Beneficiary) will be deemed to have consented to such successor unless the Sponsor or Participant (or Beneficiary) designates a different successor custodian and provides written notice thereof together with such a different successor's written acceptance by such date as the Custodian specifies in its original notice to the Sponsor or Participant (or Beneficiary) (provided that the Sponsor or Participant (or Beneficiary) will have a minimum of 30 days to designate a different successor).
- (b) The successor custodian shall be a bank, insured credit union, or other person satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury under Code Section 408(a)(2). Upon receipt by Custodian of written acceptance by its successor of such successor's appointment, Custodian shall transfer and pay over to such successor the assets of the Custodial Account and all records (or copies thereof) of Custodian pertaining thereto, provided that the successor custodian agrees not to dispose of any such records without the Custodian's consent. Custodian is authorized, however, to reserve such sum of money or property as it may deem advisable for payment of all its fees, compensation, costs, and expenses, or for payment of any other liabilities constituting a charge on or against the assets of the Custodial Account or on or against the Custodian, with any balance of such reserve remaining after the payment of all such items to be paid over to the successor custodian.
- (c) Any custodian shall not be liable for the acts or omissions of its predecessor or its successor.

18. References herein to the "Internal Revenue Code" or "Code" and sections thereof shall mean the same as amended from time to time, including successors to such sections.

19. Except where otherwise specifically required in this Agreement, any notice from Custodian to any person provided for in this Agreement shall be effective if sent by first-class mail to such person at that person's last address on the Custodian's records.

20. Participant or Participant's Beneficiary shall not have the right or power to anticipate any part of the Custodial Account or to sell, assign, transfer, pledge or hypothecate any part thereof. The Custodial Account shall not be liable for the debts of Participant or Participant's Beneficiary or subject to any seizure, attachment, execution or other legal process in respect thereof, except to the extent required by law. At no time shall it be possible for any part of the assets of the Custodial Account to be used for or diverted to purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of the Participant or his/her Beneficiary, except to the extent required by law.

21. When accepted by the Custodian, this agreement is accepted in and shall be construed and administered in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Any action involving the Custodian brought by any other party must be brought in a state or federal court in such Commonwealth. This Agreement is intended to qualify under Code Section 408(a) as an individual retirement Custodial Account and to meet the applicable requirements of Code Section 408(p), and if any provision hereof is subject to more than one interpretation or any term used herein is subject to more than one construction, such ambiguity shall be resolved in favor of that interpretation or construction which is consistent with that intent.

However, the Custodian shall not be responsible for whether or not such intentions are achieved through use of this Agreement, and Participant is referred to Participant's attorney for any such assurances.

22. Participant should seek advice from Participant's attorney regarding the legal consequences (including but not limited to federal and state tax matters) of entering into this Agreement, contributions to the Custodial Account, and ordering Custodian to make distributions from the Account. Participant acknowledges that Custodian and Service Company (and any company associated therewith) are prohibited by law from rendering such advice.

23. This Agreement and the Adoption Agreement signed by the Participant (as either may be amended) are the documents governing the Participant's Custodial Account. Articles I through VII of this Agreement are in the form promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service as Form 5305-SA. It is anticipated that if and when the Internal Revenue Service promulgates changes to Form 5305-SA, the Custodian will amend this Agreement correspondingly, and the Participant specifically consents to such amendment in accordance with Section 13(b) hereof.

24. The Participant acknowledges that he or she has received and read the current prospectus for each Fund in which his or her Account is invested and the Individual Retirement Account Disclosure Statement related to the Account. The Participant represents under penalties of perjury that his or her Social Security number (or other Taxpayer Identification Number) as stated in the Adoption Agreement is correct.

25. (a) At the direction of the Participant, the Custodian will transfer contributions to the Participant's Custodial Account to another individual retirement account designated by the Participant, the Custodian or trustee of which agrees to accept such transfer, or to an individual retirement annuity contract, the issuer of which agrees to accept such transfer. If such transfer is made within two years after the date of the first contribution by the employer to the Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account under the employer's SIMPLE IRA plan, the Custodian will have the right to a representation from the successor custodian or trustee that the successor IRA is a SIMPLE IRA if required under applicable law.

If the Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account operates under an employer SIMPLE IRA plan that uses the "designated financial institution" rules of Code Section 408(p), the rules in this paragraph will apply. Any transfer instructions by the Participant must be filed with and received by the Custodian during the following 60-day period. For contributions for the calendar year in which the employer first establishes its SIMPLE IRA plan, the 60-day period designated by the employer during which eligible employees (including the Participant) may make salary reduction elections with respect to such calendar year; for contributions for subsequent calendar years, the period November 2 through December 31 of the preceding year. Such instructions may be limited to contributions to the Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account of the calendar year, or may be effective with respect to all future contributions to the Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account until revoked. Contributions to the electing Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account will be transferred to the other IRA specified by the Participant with reasonable frequency (but not less frequently than monthly). Pending transfer to the other IRA, contributions will be held in the investment fund specified in the Adoption Agreement for the Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account. Any such transfer will be made without cost of penalty to the Participant imposed by the Custodian (other than any annual maintenance fee charged to all SIMPLE IRA accounts maintained by the Custodian, and any other fee or costs specifically allowed under regulations or rulings of the Internal Revenue Service.)

Transfers from the Participant's SIMPLE IRA Account that are not described in the preceding paragraphs (including situations where the Participant's SIMPLE IRA operates under an employer SIMPLE IRA plan that does not use the "designated financial institution" rules) will be made to a successor individual retirement account or annuity designated by the Participant in a written transfer of IRA assets form or other acceptable written instructions to the Custodian. Any such other transfer will be subject to normal Custodian fees (including any transfer or account termination fee) and to normal redemption charges or other fees or charges imposed by a Fund as described in its then effective prospectus.

The Custodian, the Service Company, the Distributor and the Fund(s) will have no responsibility for compliance with the requirements of Code Section 408(p) and any other applicable requirements (including whether such transferee individual retirement account or annuity meets the requirements to be a SIMPLE IRA, whether the transferee financial institution properly carries

out the Participant's investment directions, or whether the employer's SIMPLE IRA plan meets the requirements of Code Section 408(p) (or other applicable requirements) in connection with such transfer, or for determining whether such requirements have been satisfied, or for any penalty taxes that may be payable in connection therewith, which matters shall be the sole responsibility of the Participant.

- (b) This Agreement is intended to establish a valid SIMPLE individual retirement Account operating in conjunction with a SIMPLE IRA plan operated by the Participant's employer, and to meet all applicable requirements of Code Section 408(p) (and other applicable legal requirements for SIMPLE IRAs). This Agreement will be interpreted and the Custodial Account hereunder administered in a manner that carries out such intent. In addition, if future regulations or rulings provide guidance concerning the requirements for a valid SIMPLE IRA, this Agreement will be interpreted and the Custodial Account hereunder will be administered in a manner that complies with such regulations or rulings pending the adoption of any required amendment to this Agreement.

26. If any provision of any document governing the Custodial Account provides for notice, instructions or other communications from one party to another in writing, to the extent provided for in the procedures of the Custodian Service Company or another party, any such notice, instructions or other communications may be given by telephonic, computer, other electronic or other means, and a requirement for written notice will be deemed satisfied.

27. If all required forms and information are properly submitted, State Street Bank and Trust Company will accept appointment as Custodian of the Participant's Account. However, this Agreement (and the Adoption Agreement) is not binding upon the Custodian until the Participant has received a statement confirming the initial transaction for the Account. Receipt by the Participant of a confirmation of the purchase of the Fund shares indicated in the Participant's Adoption Agreement will serve as notification of State Street Bank and Trust Company's acceptance of appointment as Custodian of the Participant's Account.

28. If the Participant is a minor under the laws of his or her state of residence, then a parent or guardian shall exercise all powers and duties of the Participant, as indicated herein, and shall sign the Adoption Agreement on behalf of the minor. The Custodian's acceptance of the Account on behalf of any Participant who is a minor is expressly conditioned upon the agreement of the parent or guardian to accept the responsibility to exercise all such powers and duties, and all parties hereto so acknowledge. Upon attainment of the age of majority under the laws of the Participant's state of residence at such time, the Participant may advise the Custodian in writing (accompanied by such documentation as the Custodian may require) that he or she is assuming sole responsibility to exercise all rights, powers, obligations, responsibilities, authorities or requirements associated with the Account. Upon such notice to the Custodian, the Participant shall have and shall be responsible for all of the foregoing, the Custodian will deal solely with the Participant as the person controlling the administration of the Account, and the Participant's parent or guardian thereafter shall not have or exercise any of the foregoing. (Absent such written notice from the Participant, Custodian shall be under no obligation to acknowledge the Participant's right to exercise such powers and authority and may continue to rely on the parent or guardian to exercise such powers and authority until notified to the contrary by the Participant.)

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